SOUTHERN CIRCLE
WORKING PLANS PARTY
107
Inwd. R. No. 107
Date
WORKING PLANS PARTY

CATTLE-POUNDS.*

1. Under the provisions of Section 2 of Act V of 1868, the Governor of Bombay in Council is pleased, with the consent of the Governor General of India in Council, to delegate to the Commissioner in Sind the powers of a Local Government, under Sections 4 and 18 of Act I of 1871 (The Cattle Trespass Act). (G. N., J. D., dated 24th June 1871.)

2. Government have no objection to the delegation of the general control vested in Government by Section 4 of Act I of 1871 to the Revenue and Police Commissioners, with the exception of the power to dispose of the surplus proceeds, which are credited to Local Funds. (G. R. No. 3933, dated 10th August 1872.)

3. The Commissioners should issue strict orders that all the gross cattle-pound receipts should be credited, and all disbursements debited, according to the general rule so that uniformity may exist. The gross proceeds to be brought to account should include only those sums which are levied as fines and those collected on account of the sale-proceeds of cattle. Charges on account of feeding cattle during the time they remain in the pounds, which are taken from the owners and paid at once to the parties to whom due, are not to be brought to account in the Mámlatdárs' books. (G. Rs., G. D., Nos. 1725, dated 22nd April 1872, 2118, dated 27th May 1872, and 2612, dated 2nd July 1872.)

4. Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act prescribes the fines that may be levied in respect of cattle impounded. It indicates also what 'charges' may be levied for releasing impounded animals. No other claim can be legally made. (G. R., G. D., No. 1894, dated 2nd May 1888.)

5. Where practicable, the necessity for bringing stray animals from beyond municipal limits to municipal pounds should be obviated by establishing pounds for circles of villages in convenient situations. (G. R., G. D., No. 3498, dated 10th October 1873.)

6. The system of farming out cattle-pounds to contractors is objectionable, inasmuch as it seems to hold out direct encouragement to the contractor to abet, or connive at, illegal seizure. The system is not recognized by the Cattle Trespass Act, and is opposed to the spirit of that Act, though it may not be expressly prohibited. (G. I., H. D., No. 5-337, dated 11th March 1891, to the Government of Bengal; *vide* G. R., G. D., No. 1141, dated 31st idem.)

Note.—The practice of farming out cattle-pounds to contractors does not prevail in any of the districts in the Bombay Presidency: *vide* G. R., G. D., No. 1641, dated 9th May 1891.

* This subject was dealt with by the General Department up to the end of February 1893.

7. The following rules have been prescribed for the information and guidance of all officers concerned in the management of cattle-pounds :—

1. Under the provisions of Act I of 1871 the Police Pátel is *ex-officio* keeper of the pound in his village and is answerable for the proper carrying out of the provisions of the Act. Where there is no Police Pátel to a village, the person who is specially appointed for this purpose by the District Magistrate will be a special pound-keeper in that village.

2. The Act contains all necessary information with regard to mode of seizure of cattle, and so forth. The forms necessary for carrying on the duties of pound-keeper are hereto appended. Printed copies of these forms will be furnished on indents submitted through the Mámlatdár of the taluka. In most instances these forms require no explanation, but in case of doubt explanatory notes have been given at the foot of the form.

3. Printed lists of fines, as specified in Section 12 of Act I of 1871, will be furnished on application to Mámlatdárs. The pound-keeper shall post up such lists in a conspicuous part of the pound and of each village.

4. As every pound-keeper is bound to feed and water all impounded animals until such time as the same are either delivered over to the owners or otherwise disposed of, he may in those cases, where an advance is necessary, be allowed to meet such charges by an advance not exceeding Rs. 10 from the Cattle-pound Fund. The pound-keeper shall keep the account of such advance as per Form No. VI, hereto appended. Such advances shall be adjusted yearly according to the orders in force. When a pound-keeper delivers over charge of his office, he and his successor shall jointly report to the Mámlatdár their having respectively delivered over and received charge of the money received as an advance.

5. The feeding charges of the impounded cattle shall not exceed the rates which may have been or may hereafter from time to time be sanctioned by the District Magistrate. Printed lists of such rates will be furnished to each pound-keeper through the Mámlatdár of the táluka. Copies of such lists must be posted up in a conspicuous part of the pound and of each village.

6. All fines collected by the pound-keeper shall be retained in his custody and when these amount to or exceed Rs. 10 he shall, subject to the provisions of Rule 12, remit the same to the Mámlatdár's treasury with a duplicate memorandum, as per Form No. VII, showing the amount so remitted. On the 20th March of each year the pound-keeper shall, with a similar memorandum, remit to the Mámlatdár's treasury any balance in hand, however small it may be. The Táluka Treasury Officer, after crediting the amount received, should return one copy of the memorandum duly receipted to the

cattle pound-keeper and the duplicate copy should be retained by the Treasury Officer as a chellan for the receipt.

7. The officer in charge of the Police Station shall keep a register, Form No. IX, of all cases referred for disposal under Section 14 of Act I of 1871. He shall also keep a day-book, Form No. X, in which he shall enter all sums realized by the sale of cattle, all sums remitted to the táluka treasury, as also the charges of feeding, &c., paid to pound-keepers.

8. Subject to the provisions of Rule 12, the officer in charge of the Police Station should, as a rule, remit the cattle-pound receipts to the táluka treasury, the day on which they are received by him. The money should be accompanied by a remittance report in duplicate. The amount due to fine and that due to surplus sale-proceeds should be shown separately. No other detail is necessary. The Treasury Officer should return one copy of the remittance report duly receipted and shall retain the other copy as a chellan for the receipt.

9. The Mámlatdár (the Táluka Treasury Officer) on receipt of this amount should at once credit to the Cattle-pound Fund the amount of penalties, and bring the balance, being the amount of surplus sale-proceeds, to the head of Judicial Deposits, to be disposed of as detailed below.

10. The Mámlatdár shall then issue a notice, as per Form No. XI, to be posted on the notice board in the kacheri, inviting claimants for the money in deposit within three months from the date of the notice. At the end of three months, if no person should appear to claim the money, it shall be carried to the credit of the Cattle-pound Fund.

11. If any claimant come forward within the time allowed, the Mámlatdár, after due enquiry and upon being satisfied that the claim is proved, shall, after receiving the sanction of the District Magistrate, make over to such claimant the amount held in deposit.

12. In the case of cattle-pounds situated within the limits of any Municipality, the sums collected shall be credited to the Municipality instead of to the Cattle-pound Fund. The receipts on account of such pounds shall be remitted, with a separate remittance report, as hereinbefore provided, in order that the money may be sent to the Municipality with such remittance report. The Municipality shall, in acknowledging the receipt of the money so remitted, act as provided in Rule 6 or 8, as the case may be.

13. The Assistant Collector in charge of the táluka should, as often as possible, examine all the registers and accounts kept by the pound-keepers and by the officers in-charge of the Police Station. The Mámlatdárs and Police Officers must, on their periodical tours, examine the registers kept by the pound-keepers and give the requisite instructions

for their being correctly and neatly kept. The Mámlatdár shall further examine the registers kept by the Officer in charge of the Police Station.

14. The *ex-officio* and special pound-keepers will be remunerated out of the Pound Fund for their duties as pound-keepers according to the scale fixed by orders of the Local Government.

15. If the *ex-officio* pound-keeper be unable to write, he shall employ the Village Accountant to keep the pound register and other documents relating to the pound, but the pound-keeper shall attest these papers by his signature or mark. The pound-keeper and the Village Accountant shall be jointly responsible for the correctness of all the papers. In such cases the Village Accountant shall receive one-half of the amount paid to the pound-keeper out of the pound-keeper's remuneration.

16. The remuneration of the pound-keeper shall be disbursed when the Potagi (or Pátel's salary) is disbursed, *i. e.*, in the months of January and July. The Mámlatdárs should prepare half-yearly bills for this purpose, and should, prior to their disbursement, obtain the sanction of the Huzúr Deputy Collector. The first bill should be prepared for the months from December to May. The bill should be submitted to the Huzúr Deputy Collector for sanction by the 10th of June, and the payment thereof should be made in the month of July. The second half-yearly bill should be prepared for the other six months, *i.e.*, for the months from June to November. The second bill should be punctually sent by the Mámlatdár to the Huzúr Deputy Collector by the 10th of December and the payment made in the January following.

17. In preparing bills, care should be taken that no pound-keeper is allowed remuneration in excess of the maximum amount fixed by the Local Government.

(G. Rs., G. D., Nos. 3, dated 3rd January 1876, and 1161, dated 12th April 1877.)

(*Note.*—See G. Rs., G. D., Nos. 1653, dated 24th May 1878, and 3377, dated 6th November 1878, which modify the rules regarding the sale of cattle by Chief Constables.)

REGISTER No. I.

FORM OF REGISTER TO BE KEPT UNDER SECTION 8 OF THE ACT.

Serial No.	Name of the seizer, date of receipt (hour, month and year).	Description of Animal.					Name of the owner, and his place of residence, if known.	Date of return of cattle to the owner and the signature of recipient.	Fine.	Amount of feeding charges, &c., and signature of the person receiving the same.	Date of report to the Station Officer under Section 14.	Date of sending cattle for sale.	Signature of the Pound-keeper.
		Kind.	Age.	Value.	Height.	Special marks and colour.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

Note.—The pound-keeper must sign in column 14 every day's entry made in this Register.

FORM No. II.

FORM OF RECEIPT TO BE ISSUED TO SEIZURE OF CATTLE UNDER SECTION 8 OF ACT I OF 1871.

No.	Name of the person to whom the receipt is given.	Description of cattle.	Date and time of delivery of cattle.	Signature of cattle-pound-keeper.
1	2	3	4	5

FORM No. III.

FORM OF RECEIPT TO BE ISSUED TO THE OWNER OF CATTLE ON PAYMENT OR DEPOSIT OF FINES AND CHARGES.

No.	Name of the owner of cattle.	Description of cattle.	Date on which received in pound.	Date on which fine and charges were paid.	Amount of fine.	Amount of feeding charges.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Note.—When the owner of cattle has signed the receipt in Form No. I, a receipt according to this Form No. 3 should be filled in and given to him under the signature of the pound-keeper.

FORM No. IV.

FORM OF REPORT TO BE SENT BY THE POUND-KEEPER TO THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE POLICE STATION, AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 14 OF ACT I OF 1871.

Serial No.	Register number, name of the seizer, the place where the animals were seized, and the date and hour when impounded.	Description of Cattle.					Amount of feeding charges incurred by the pound-keeper.	Remarks.
		Kind.	Age.	Value.	Height.	Special marks and colour.		

FORM No. V.

DAY BOOK OF CATTLE-POUND RECEIPTS AT TÁLUKA FOR THE YEAR 189

DR. CR.

Date.		Detail.	Amount.	Date.		Detail.	Amount.
Day.	Month.			Day.	Month.		
		To fine on account of cattle, registered No. ...				By payment to self on account of feeding charges of cattle, registered No.	
		Feed of do. ...				On repayment of advance (as the case may be) ...	
		Balance ...				Balance ...	

Note—1. All collections made in the shape of fines, &c., and all charges incurred in feeding the cattle shall be carefully entered by the pound-keeper each day in this form as the transactions occur.

2. The pound-keeper will be held personally responsible for omissions or mistakes in the accounts.

FORM No. VI.

FORM OF REGISTER OF ADVANCES.

DR. CR.

Date.		Detail.	Amount.	Date.		Detail.	Amount.
Day.	Month.			Day.	Month.		
			Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.
10th	1875 January	To amount of advance received this day from Mámlatdár of with order No. ...	10 0 0	10th	1875 January	By amount paid on account of feeding charges of cattle, registered Nos.	0 12 0
		Balance ...	9 4 0			Balance ...	9 4 0
							10 0 0
11th	1875 January	The amount received from Fakeera bin Mala on account of feeding charges of cattle, registered Nos.	0 12 0	11th	1875 January	By amount paid on account of feeding charges of cattle, registered Nos.	0 8 0
						Balance ...	9 8 0
			10 0 0				10 0 0

FORM No. VII.

FORM OF REMITTANCE REPORT TO BE MADE BY THE POUND-KEEPER.

Remittance Report of the Cattle-pound at Táluka.

Date.		Register No.	Amount of Fine.
Day.	Month.		

Signature of Pound-keeper.

N.B.—This report should be prepared in duplicate.
The Táluka Treasury Officer should return one copy, endorsing on it the receipt of the amount, and should retain the other copy in his office for record.

FORM No. VIII.

NOTICE TO BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 14 OF ACT I OF 1871.

Notice is hereby given that the animals described below and seized at have been sent on to the cattle-pound of the village of Táluka , and that they have been detained there for upwards of 7 days. Any person having a claim to the aforesaid animals is hereby required to appear before the undersigned to establish his claim and get his animals released after payment of the penalties, and feeding charges, &c. Should no one appear and claim the said cattle within 7 days of date of this notice, the cattle will be sold by public auction and the proceeds credited to Government.

Description of Cattle.

Chief Constable.

B 1955—30-REV.

FORM No. IX.

REGISTER BOOK OF CASES OF STRAY CATTLE RECEIVED BY THE STATION OFFICER FOR DISPOSAL, UNDER SECTION 14 OF ACT I OF 1871, AT

Serial No.	Name of the Pound from which received.	Register number of the cattle-pound, name of the Seizer, the place where they were seized, the date and hour when they were impounded.	Description of Cattle.					Date of issuing notice.	Signature or mark of the person receiving cattle after establishing his claim.	Name of the purchaser and his signature in token of his having received the cattle.	Date of sale and amount.	At what rate and for what period money was paid to the pound-keeper on account of feeding charges, &c., and signature of recepient.	Amount of penalty levied.	Surplus sale proceeds to be refunded to the owner.
			Kind.	Age.	Value.	Height.	Special marks and colour.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

FORM No. X.

DAY BOOK OF CATTLE-POUND RECEIPTS TO BE KEPT BY THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF POLICE STATION.

Dr. Cr.

Date.		Receipts.	Amount.	Date.		Disbursements.	Amount.
Day.	Month.		Rs. a. p.	Day.	Month.		Rs. a. p.
1875				1875.			
1st	July ...	To receipt on account of sale of cattle, registered No. 25— Rs. a. p.		1st	July ...	By payment to Pound-keeper for feeding charges	1 0 0
		Amount of fine 0 8 0					
		Amount of feeding charges. 1 0 0				Balance ...	5 8 0
		Surplus sale-proceeds ... 5 0 0					
			6 8 0				6 8 0

FORM No. XI.

FORM OF NOTICE OF UNCLAIMED MONEY (SECTION 17 OF ACT I OF 1871).

Notice is hereby given that a sum of , being the surplus sale-proceeds of (description of animals) brought to the cattle-pound of from is now in deposit in the Táluka treasury. Any person having a claim thereto is hereby required to prefer and substantiate the same within three months from this date before the undersigned, Class Magistrate of Táluka ; failing to do which the amount will be disposed of according to the provisions of Act I of 1871.

Mámlatdár and Magistrate, Class.

8. In those districts of the (old) Northern Division in which the Talátis or Kulkarnis have extensive charges and the Pátels are generally illiterate and unable to keep the forms of account prescribed by the rules under Act I of 1870 for the management of cattle-pounds sanctioned by Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3, dated 3rd January 1876, the old forms may be adhered to at the discretion of the Commissioner. (G. R., G. D., No. 2201, dated 19th July 1876.)

9. The District Magistrate may nominate the Mámlatdár or Mahálkari, and in his absence the Aval Kárkún to conduct sales of cattle under the Pound Act and to keep the accounts relative to such transactions. (G. Rs., G. D., Nos. 1653, dated 24th May 1878, and 3377, dated 6th November 1878.)

10. In the case of the outlying cattle-pounds in Thar and Párkar, the District Magistrate may authorize the sales of unclaimed cattle being conducted by the Police Thánadár. (G. R., G. D., No. 2009, dated 3rd July 1878.)

11. No authority is vested by the Cattle Trespass Act* I of 1871, in any office to set aside sales of cattle under the Act. (L. R. No. 142, dated 27th January 1885; *vide* G. R., G. D., No. 432, dated 7th February 1885.)

12. The passing of Act I of 1884 has not, so far as can be seen, made any difference in the manner of disposing of surplus cattle-pound receipts, and no orders, under clause (*g*) of Section 44 of Act I of 1884, directing that the surplus accruing after the District Local Board has provided for the expenditure under Section 18 (*a*) and (*b*) of Act No. I of 1871 should be credited to the Local Funds of the district, appear to be called for. The net receipts have hitherto been credited to Local Funds and the practice will be continued by the

* Amended by Act I of 1891.

Accountant General without any formal orders from Government. (G. R. No. 6565, dated 12th August 1885.)

13. The intention of the Legislature is that the District Magistrate should ordinarily appoint the pound-keeper and pay his remuneration and that all realizations should be sent to the District Magistrate, the surplus, if any, being disposed of periodically in such manner as Government direct. This should be the practice for all pounds in respect of which the District Magistrate's functions under Sections 5, 6, 12 and 17 have not been legally transferred to some local body. In the case of any pound in respect of which the said functions have been transferred to a local body, the proceeds will be paid to that body instead of to the District Magistrate, and that body will dispose of the surplus by appropriating it or otherwise as Government may from time to time direct under Section 1 (*b*) of Act XVIII of 1883. (L. R. No. 1439, dated 10th November 1886; *vide* G. R. No. 383, dated 17th January 1887.)

14. In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 (*b*) of Act XVIII of 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in supersession of all previous orders and rules on the same subject, that the whole of the surplus accruing in any Municipal District or Cantonment under Section 18 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 shall be placed to the credit of the municipal fund or cantonment fund of such municipal district or cantonment, and that the surplus accruing under the said section in any portion of a district not included in a municipal district or a cantonment shall be placed to the credit of the local fund of such district. (G. N. No. 383 A, dated 17th January 1887.)

15. In modification of Notification No. 383 A, published at page 44 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1887, the Governor in Council is pleased, for the reasons given in paragraph 4 of Government Resolution, General Department, No. 3047, dated 1st October 1887, to direct that in the Municipalities in Sind, noted in the margin, the sums specified against the name of each shall severally be deducted annually from the funds accruing under Section 18 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871, which were directed by the said notification to be placed to the credit of the said Municipalities, and shall be credited to Government, and that only the surplus of the said funds, after deducting the said sums, shall be credited to the said Municipalities respectively. (G. N., G. D., No. 3667, dated 7th December 1887.)

	Rs.
Mánjhand ...	150
Bubak	46
Keti	15
Matari	205
Garhi Yasin ...	109

16. In modification of Notification No. 383 A, published at page 44 of Part I of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1887, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that in the Municipality

of Jacobabad in Sind the funds accruing under Section 18 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871, which were directed by the said notification to be placed to the credit of the said Municipality, shall hereafter be credited to Government. (G. N., G. D., No. 98, dated 11th January 1888).

An Act to amend the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

17. In exercise of the powers conferred by Act XVIII of 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the orders notified in Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 383 A, dated 17th January 1887, published at page 44 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1887, Part I, so far as they directed the surplus accruing in the municipal district of Karáchi under Section 18 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, to be placed to the credit of the Municipality of Karachi, and is pleased to direct that all such surplus accruing as aforesaid within the said area on and after 1st day of April 1891 shall be placed to the credit of Government. (G. N., G. D., No. 446, dated 3rd February 1891.)

Act I of 1871.

An Act to amend the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

18. In exercise of the powers conferred by Act XVIII of 1883 the Governor in Council is pleased to cancel the orders notified in Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 383 A, dated 17th January 1887, published at page 44 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1887, Part I, so far as they directed the surplus accruing in the Municipal District of Hyderabad under Section 18 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, to be placed to the credit of the Municipality of Hyderabad, and is pleased to direct that all such surplus accruing as aforesaid within the said area on and after the 1st day of April 1891 shall be placed to the credit of Government. (G. N., G. D., No. 446 A, dated 3rd February 1891.)

Act I of 1871.

* Repealed by Act I of 1890.

19. Under the powers vested in him by Act* No. XVIII of 1883 (an Act to amend the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871), His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to transfer the functions of the District Magistrate of the Upper Sind Frontier District under Sections 5, 6, 12 and 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 to the Cantonment Committee of Jacobabad with regard to the pound established under Section 4 of the Act within the said cantonment. (G. N., G. D., No. 249, dated 20th January 1886.)

20. In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 (*a*) of Act XVIII of 1883 the Governor in Council is pleased to transfer to the following Municipalities, within the municipal districts respectively subject to their jurisdiction, the functions of the District Magistrate under the Cattle Trespass

Act I of 1871 which are hereinbelow respectively specified, *viz.* :—

Name of Municipality.	Sections of Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, under which District Magistrate's functions are transferred.
The Municipality of Ahmedabad ...	4, 5, 6, 12, 14 and 17.
Do. Viramgám	
Do. Sánand	
Do. Dhandhuka ...	4, 5 and 6.
Do. Prantij	6.
All other Municipalities in the Kaira District	

(G. N. No. 383, dated 17th January 1887.)

21. In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 (*a*), of Act XVIII of 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to transfer to the Municipalities of Godhra and Dohad in the Panch Maháls District, within the municipal districts respectively subject to their jurisdiction, the functions of the District Magistrate under Sections 5, 6, 12 and 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871. (G. N. No. 1847, dated 25th March 1887.)

22. Under the powers vested in him by Act* No. XVIII of 1883 (an Act to amend the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871), His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to transfer the functions of the District Magistrate of the Karáchi District under Sections 5, 6, 12 and 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 to the Municipality of Tatta in the Karáchi District with regard to the pound established under Section 4 of the Act within the limits of the said Municipality. (G. N., G. D., No. 1669, dated 7th June 1887.)

* Repealed by Act I of 1891.

23. In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 (*a*) of Act XVIII of 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to transfer to all Cantonment Committees and in cantonments in which no Cantonment Committee is constituted, to all Officers Commanding the stations, within the cantonments respectively subject to the jurisdiction of such Cantonment Committees and officers, the functions of the District Magistrate under Sections 4, 5, 6, 12, 14 and 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871. (G. N. No. 1968, dated 29th March 1887; *vide* also G. R. No. 4006, dated 1st July 1887.)

24. In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 (*a*) of Act XVIII† of 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to transfer to the Surat Municipality, within the Surat Municipal District, subject to its jurisdiction, the functions of the District Magistrate under Sections 4, 5, 6, 12, 14

† Repealed by Act I of 1891.

and 17 of Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871. (G. N., G. D., No. 4082, dated 1st October 1889.)

25. In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 (*a*) of Act XVIII* of 1883, the Governor in Council is pleased to transfer to the Municipalities hereinbelow specified within the municipal districts respectively subject to their jurisdiction the functions of the District Magistrate under Sections 4, 5, 6, 12, 14 and 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1871 :—

* Repealed by Act I of 1890.

Name of Municipality.
The Municipality of Mahudha.
Do. Od.
Do. Anand.
Do. Umreth.
Do. Borsad.
Do. Mátar.

(G. N., G. D., No. 1206, dated 25th March 1890.)

26. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council on the reports of the District Magistrates of Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Panch Mahals, Broach and Surat that in the local areas hereinbelow specified subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrates, respectively, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon, the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after the 1st December 1891, for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first mentioned section which may be seized within any of the said local areas and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local areas hereinbelow specified, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall, on and after the date specified in the first paragraph of this notification, be read as if it had reference to cattle of any kind mentioned in the scale aforesaid instead of to pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local areas above referred to.

Ahmedabad District.—The talukas of Daskroi, Viramgám, Dhandhuka, Sánand and Dholka.

Kaira District.—The talukas of Mehmadabad, Mátar, Nadiád, Anand, Borsad, Thásra and Kapadvanj.

Panch Mahâls District.—Villages of Mojalpura, Kathiapura, Hálol, Raenwadia, Dhinkuva, and Chhajdivali of the Hálol Mahál.

Broach District.—Municipal towns of Broach, Jambusar, A'mod, Anklesvar and Hánsot, and the villages of Dehej and Vágra.

Surat District.—The villages of Ránder, Adájan, Bhátha Fulpáda, Katárgám, Ved, Dabholi, Segampur, Tunki, Varaccha, Kumbharia, Magod, Dubhal, Parvat, Navagám, Anjna, Karanj, Umarwáda, Katodra, Majura, Athwa, Bhatar, Piplod, Umra, and Pal of the Chorási Táluka; Amroli, Dihen, Olpád, Karsad, and Kathodra of the Olpád Táluka; and Mándvi, Turkesar and Bodhan of the Mándvi Táluka.

(G. N., G. D., No. 4069, dated 24th November 1891.)

27. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council, on the report of the District Magistrate of Poona, that in the local area comprised within (1) the municipal district subject to the Municipality of the City of Poona, and (2) the municipal district subject to the Suburban Municipality of Poona, and (3) the military cantonments of Poona and Kirkee, which area is subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops and other produce thereon;

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that for every head of cattle of any kind herein below specified which may be seized within the said local area and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine according to the following scale, *viz.*:—

Horse, mare, gelding, pony, colt, filly, mule, bull, bullock, cow, or heifer	... eight annas.
Goat or kid	... two annas.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the said Act, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the above local area, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act of 1871 shall be read as if it had reference to cattle generally instead of pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

(G. N., G. D., No. 765, dated 8th March 1892.)

28. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council, on the report of the District Magistrate of Ahmedabad, that in the local area hereinbelow specified, subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon, the

Governor in Council is pleased to direct in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after the 1st August 1892, for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first mentioned section which may be seized within the said local area and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local area hereinbelow specified the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall on and after the date specified in the first paragraph of this notification, be read as if it had reference to cattle of any kind mentioned in the scale aforesaid instead of to pigs only and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local area above referred to.

Ahmedabad District—The táluka of Parántij.

(G. N., G. D., No. 2583, dated 27th July 1892.)

29. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council on the report of the District Magistrate of Surat that in the local area hereinbelow specified subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after the 15th December 1892, for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first mentioned section which may be seized within the said local area and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local area hereinbelow specified, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall on and after the date specified in the first paragraph of this notification, be read as if it had reference also to kine, goats, sheep, asses and buffaloes instead of to pigs only and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local area above referred to.

Surat District—The City of Surat.

(G. N., G. D., No. 4610, dated 14th December 1892.)

CATTLE-POUNDS.]

30. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council, on the report of the District Magistrate of Dhárwár, that in the local areas hereinbelow specified, subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that, from the date of the publication of this notification, for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first-mentioned section which may be seized within any of the said local areas and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local areas hereinbelow specified, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall, on and after the date specified in the first paragaph of this notification, be read as if it had reference to cattle of any kind mentioned in the scale aforesaid, instead of to pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local arreas above referred to.

Táluka.	Name of locality.
Dhárwár ...	1 Municipal town of Dhárwár and the Railway limits. 2 Naválur. 3 Bettigeri. 4 Mugad.
Hubli ...	1 Municipal town of Hubli and the Railway station. 2 Unkal. 3 Kalwad.
Kalghatgi ...	1 Kalghatgi.
Bankápur ...	1 Bankápur. 2 Ingalgi. 3 Dhundshi. 4 Shiggaum.
Ránebennur...	1 Municipal town of Ránebennur and the Railway limits. 2 Tummink tti.
Hángal ...	1 Hángal. 2 Tilwalli. 3 Alur.
Karajgi ...	1 Karajgi. 2 Municipal town of Háveri.

Táluka.	Name of locality.
Kod	1 Rattihalli.
Navalgund ...	1 Municipal town of Nargund. 2 Konnur. 3 Algawadi.
Ron	1 Naregal

(G. N., G. D., No. 1799, dated 22nd May 1893.)

31. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council on the report of the District Magistrate, Surat, that in the local areas hereinbelow specified subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon; the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after 15th July 1893 for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first-mentioned section which may be seized within any of the said local areas and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforeside.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local areas hereinbelow specified, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall, on and after the date specified in the first paragrph of this notification, be read as if it had reference to cattle of any kind mentioned in the scale aforesaid instead of to pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local areas above referred to.

Surat District—The villages of Kachholi, Amalsád, Abráma, Jalálpor, Mandir, At, Ancheli, Panar, Sisodra, Saribujrag, Kothamdi, Sarav, Munsád, Sultánpur, Matwad, Supa, Kharsad, and Dhárágiri of the Jalálpor Táluka.

(G. N. No. 4363, dated 17th June 1893).

32. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council, on the report of the District Magistrate of Belgaum, that in the Cantonment of Belgaum, subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and to damage crops or other produce thereon; the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12

of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after the 1st July 1893, for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first-mentioned section which may be seized within the said local area and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local area included within the Cantonment of Belgaum, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall, on and after the date specified in the first paragraph of this notification, be read as if it had reference to cattle of any kind mentioned in the scale aforesaid instead of to pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

(G. N. No. 4559, dated 24th June 1893.)

33. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council, on the report of the District Magistrate, Surat, that in the local areas hereinbelow specified subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon; the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after the 1st September 1893 for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first-mentioned section which may be seized within any of the said local areas and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local areas hereinbelow specified, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall, on and after the date specified in the first paragraph of this notification, be read as if it had reference to cattle of any kind mentioned in the scale aforesaid instead of to pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local areas referred to.

Surat District.—The villages of Atodra, Jafrabad, Kudiana, Bhesan, Chapra-Bhatha, Sayan Paria and Kim Ambli of the Olpad Taluka.

(G. N. No. 5874, dated 15th August 1893.)

34. Whereas it appears to the Governor in Council, on the report of the District Magistrate, Broach, that in the local areas hereinbelow specified subject to the jurisdiction of the said Magistrate, cattle are habitually allowed to trespass on land and damage crops or other produce thereon; the Governor in Council is pleased to direct, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 5 (1) of Act I of 1891, that on and after 1st December 1893 for every head of cattle specified in the scale contained in the first-mentioned section which may be seized within any of the said local areas and impounded in accordance with the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, the pound-keeper shall levy a fine equal to double the fine mentioned in the scale aforesaid.

2. And in exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Section 8 of Act I of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that, with respect to the local areas hereinbelow specified, the first paragraph of the said Section 26 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, shall, on and after the date specified in the first paragraph of this notification, be read as if it had reference to cattle of any kind mentioned in the scale aforesaid instead of to pigs only, and as if the words "fifty rupees" were substituted for the words "ten rupees."

Local areas above referred to.

Broach District.—The villages of Vejalpur Pati, Kalami Vaga, Kasak Pati, Mojumpur Pati, Dungari Pati, Ali Pati, Bholáv, Nandeláv, Sherpura, Kantháriа, Degám and Kukarwáda in the Broach Táluka.

(G. N. No. 8542, dated 22nd November 1893.)